ARGENTINA LITHIUM & ENERGY CORP.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

Introduction

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Argentina Lithium & Energy Corp. ("Argentina Lithium" or "the Company") for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 and related notes thereto which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted. This MD&A has been prepared as of May 11, 2022.

Company Overview

The Company was incorporated on April 11, 2000 and was transitioned under the Business Corporations Act (BC) on June 17, 2004. The address of the Company's registered office is Suite 312 – 837 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada V6C 3N6. The Company remained without a business asset until March 2003, when the Company negotiated a number of agreements to option and acquire interests in various mineral concessions located in Argentina. In December 2003, the Company completed its initial public offering and commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "AMS". In December 2008, the Company consolidated its outstanding common shares on a 10 for 1 basis and changed its name to Panthera Exploration Inc. (formerly Amera Resources Corporation) trading on the TSX-V under the symbol "PNX". In January 2012, the Company changed its name to Iron South Mining Corp. (formerly Panthera Exploration Inc.) trading on the TSX-V under the symbol "IS". In September 2016, the Company changed its name to Argentina Lithium & Energy Corp. (formerly Iron South Mining Corp.) trading on the TSX-V under the symbol "LIT".

The Company is a junior mineral exploration company engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and evaluating natural resource properties and either joint venturing or developing these properties further or disposing of them when the evaluation is completed. The Company's material mineral property interests are located in Argentina, and the Company is actively looking for additional exploration projects to acquire and advance in South America. As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has not earned any production revenue, nor found any proven reserves on any of its properties. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta.

The Company's technical disclosure in this MD&A has been reviewed by David Terry Ph.D., P.Geo, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101.

Argentina

Incahuasi Lithium Project, Catamarca

The Incahuasi Project currently includes a 100% interest in 13,372 hectares of granted mineral rights properties in the Incahuasi Salar and basin in Catamarca Province, Argentina. The Salar de Incahuasi is located in the northwest of Catamarca Province at approximately 3260 metres above sea level, in the southern half of the "Lithium Triangle". Access to the Incahuasi salar is by gravel road, approximately 34 kilometres southwest from the town of Antofagasta de la Sierra. The salar is approximately 17 kilometres long north to south, and 2.5 kilometres wide, and divided into a north and south section. Initial sampling of near-surface brines in the southern section in 52 pits returned an average of 62 mg/L of lithium, 4661 mg/L of potassium and 9800 mg/L magnesium, with a maximum value of 409 mg/l lithium and 1.56% potassium from a sample in the central portion of the salar. VES geophysical surveying indicates the potential for lithium-rich brines starting at surface and reaching up to 200 metres depth.

On January 31, 2018, the Company announced that it had received permits necessary for drilling at Incahuasi and on March 13th announced the start of a 4-hole drill program on the southern part of the salar. On August 24, 2018, the Company announced that the program was complete, with 878 metres drilled in total. Halite and deeper clastic sediments were cored in all holes, and each hole encountered lithium-bearing brines. Lithium concentrations were modest but fairly consistent, averaging 109 mg/L in all 54 samples collected and analyzed. The Company did not complete any work on the property in 2021.

Due to improved market conditions, the Company plans to restart exploration at the Incahuasi property in 2022, specifically by completing approximately 50 line-km of Transient Electromagnetic soundings to detect & delineate new areas of potential brines for follow-up drill testing.

Antofalla North Lithium Project, Salta

Argentina Lithium controls 14,987 hectares of mining leases in the Salar de Antofalla, distributed between the adjacent provinces of Salta and Catamarca. The Company holds 9,080 hectares of 100% held claims (the "Staked Properties") for which it impaired exploration costs in 2019 but maintained ownership (see the year-end Management Discussion and Analysis for 2019, filed on SEDAR). With the recent resurgence in interest in the lithium markets, the Company has re-evaluated opportunities and determined that the Salar de Antofalla continues to provide a key opportunity for new lithium resources. As such, on August 4, 2021, the Company announced that it has entered into an option agreement ("Option A") to earn a 100% interest in three granted mine concession properties totaling 5,380 hectares situated adjacent to the Staked Properties. The Company previously held an option for these properties, but due to market conditions work was suspended, payments were discontinued and in 2019 the original option earn-in was relinquished. On April 1, 2022, the Company entered into a second option agreement ("Option B") for a further 5,411 hectares in three mine concessions on the Salar.

The Salar de Antofalla is approximately 150 kilometres long and 5-7 kilometres wide, and is located at 3,900 metres elevation. The salar is accessed by Provincial highway 43 and unpaved roads, with the small town of Antofalla approximately 50 kilometres to the south and the city of Salta approximately 500 kilometes away. The geological environment at the Salar de Antofalla is similar to other salars in the Puna region where lithium and potash are found. The Antofalla North project extents to within 500 metres of the boundary of a property controlled by global lithium producer Albemarle Inc. on the salar. Albemarle has stated that it believes the lithium resource on its property has potential to rank amongst the largest in Argentina¹. [Investors are cautioned that this information is taken from the publicly available sources, has not been independently verified by the Company and it is not known if this resource conforms to the standards of NI 43-101. Furthermore, proximity to a discovery, mine, or mineral resource, does not indicate that mineralization will occur at the Company's Project, and if mineralization does occur, that it will occur in sufficient quantity or grade that would result in an economic extraction scenario.]

Work by a previous operator on the Option A properties included surface sampling of brines at 14 locations in 2017. Brines were sampled at depths to 4 metres, over 7 days, and returned reported lithium anomalies up to 61.1mg/L.

On August 24, 2018, the Company reported that a CSAMT geophysical survey had been completed to map deeper stratigraphic units and provide additional information on the subsurface in order to delineate drill targets. The survey identified several potential targets with high conductivity in the first 100 metres and moderate conductivity at deeper levels. The consulting geophysicists recommended reconnaissance drill holes to determine the cause of the conductive anomalies and to test for lithium-bearing brines.

There has been no significant historical exploration work on the Option B properties. These concessions provide the Company with coverage to protect its mineral rights in the area of the provincial boundary between Salta and Catamarca; a portion of the northern part of the optioned properties may overlap a third party concession in the provincial boundary area.

The 2022 work plan includes an estimated 35 line-km of Transient Electromagnetic soundings to delineate areas of potential brines, followed by drilling of up to 3 diamond drill holes to log the basin geology and collect brine samples.

Option A Terms

Terms of the option include cash payments totaling US\$4,000,000, and annual exploration expenditure commitments totaling \$7,000,000 over 4 years.

https://www.albemarle.com/news/albemarle-signs-agreement-for-exclusive-exploration-and-acquisition-rights-to-lit hium-resource-in-argentina. Accessed 04/22

	Exploration Expenditure	
Option Payment	Commitments	
US\$	US\$	Year
100,000 (paid)	-	2021
300,000	500,000	2022
400,000	1,500,000	2023
1,700,000	2,000,000	2024
1,500,000	3,000,000	2025
4,000,000	7,000,000	

The vendors retain a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") which Argentina Lithium has the ability to repurchase for US\$5,000,000.

Option B Terms

Terms of the option include cash payments totaling US\$2,800,000, and annual exploration expenditure commitments totaling \$7,000,000 over 4 years. The vendors retain a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") which Argentina Lithium has the ability to repurchase for US\$3,000,000.

Rincon West Project, Salta

The Rincon West Project includes a single mining concession with an area of 2,370 hectares, located on the west side of the Rincon Salar approximately 90 kilometres west of the town of San Antonio de los Cobres, the largest town in Argentina's high plain, and approximately 250 kilometres west of the provincial capital city of Salta. It is close to the railway, and just 17 kilometres south of Provincial Route 51, the international road that connects to Chile's coastal ports. The InterAndes power corridor runs within one kilometre of the Rincon Salar. There are two significant lithium resource development projects on the salar, owned by Rio Tinto (https://www.riotinto.com/operations/projects/rincon) and Argosy Minerals (www.argosyminerals.com.au) both of which have executed demonstration-scale production of lithium carbonate.

Argentina Lithium cautions that proximity to a discovery, mineral resource, or mining operation does not indicate that mineralization will occur on the Company's property, and if mineralization does occur, that it will occur in sufficient quantity or grade that would result in an economic extraction scenario.

In March 2022, the Company initiated a deep-seeing Transient Electromagnetic (TEM) sounding survey to delineate areas of potential brines and map the bottom of the basin. If potential targets are identified with the TEM survey, an estimated 5 diamond drill holes will be drilled to collect brine samples for analysis.

Pocitos Project

The Pocitos Project includes over 26,000 hectares of properties subject to four option agreements. The Pocitos Salar is located approximately 100 kilometres west of the town of San Antonio de los Cobres and approximately 250 kilometres west of the provincial capital city of Salta. The Provincial Route 17 and the natural gas pipeline-fed industrial park at the settlement of Pocitos are located 17 km to the east. The rail line that crosses the middle of the Pocitos West property joins Salta with the port of Antofagasta on the Chilean Pacific coast. The present surface expression of the Pocitos Salar is approximately 57 kilometres north-south, and approximately 10 kilometres east-west. The salt pan is almost completely flat with portions of the older salar surface covered by talus and alluvial fan.

The optioned properties are believed to have had little prior exploration and no drilling with the exception of the group of concessions in the Rincon-Pocitos option (see below) which have had modest geophysics and surface sampling, with very limited drilling. In 2022, the Company plans up to 50 line-km of Transient Electromagnetic soundings to detect and delineate brines for testing.

Rincon-Pocitos Option

On October 8, 2021, Argentina Lithium announced that it had signed a definitive agreement with a private vendor to acquire a 100% interest in the 2,370 hectare Rincon West and 15,857 hectare Pocitos projects in Salta Province, Argentina. Terms of the option include issuance of 750,000 shares in the Company to the vendor on signing plus \$500,000 worth of shares over a 12-month period; and cash payments totaling US\$4,200,000 over 36 months, but limited to only US\$1,050,000 in the first 18 months, US\$800,000 of which are firm commitments over the first year.

Option Payments or Firm commitment US\$	Share issuances subject to TSX-V approval	Year
150,000 (paid)	750,000 shares (issued)	2021
250,000 (firm commitment)	\$150,000 (firm commitment)	2022
400,000 (firm commitment)	\$350,000 (firm commitment)	2022
250,000	-	2023
250,000	-	2023
500,000	-	2024
2,400,000	-	2024
4,200,000	\$500,000	

El Pidio Gill and Aguamarga Options

Argentina Lithium can acquire a 100% interest in the 1,602 hectare "El Pidio GIII" property in the southeast of the Pocitos Basin pursuant to an option agreement dated January 3, 2022. The option terms include US\$165,000 in cash payments over three years, including a mandatory total of US\$30,000 over the first 18 months. In addition, 25,000 shares of the Company are to be issued to the vendor on signing, with additional share issuances valued at \$70,000 over the subsequent three years, including mandatory issuances valued at \$25,000 over the first 18 months.

Argentina Lithium can acquire a 100% interest in the Aguamarga 11 and Aguamarga 16 properties, totaling 7,000 hectares in the east flank of the Pocitos Basin pursuant to an option agreement dated January 3, 2022. The option terms include US\$1,890,000 in cash payments over three years, including a mandatory total of US\$105,000 over the first 12 months. In addition, 168,000 shares of the Company are to be issued to the vendor on signing, with additional share issuances valued at \$651,000 over the subsequent three years, including a mandatory issuance valued at \$126,000 after twelve months.

The number of common shares of the Company issuable under the option agreements are calculated based on the discounted market price of the Common Shares on the Exchange on January 9, 2022. All shares issued pursuant to the terms of the option agreements are subject to a hold period under applicable securities laws for a period of four months from the date of issuance.

Ramos Option

The agreement, dated January 6, 2022, gives Argentina Lithium the option to earn a 100% interest in five additional properties totaling approximately 1,762 hectares at the Pocitos Salar ("the Ramos Properties"). The option terms include mandatory payments totaling US\$150,000 in the first year, followed by US\$550,000 2 years after signing. The vendor retains a 1% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") which can be purchased by the Company for US\$500,000.

<u>Results of Operations – For the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021</u>

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, loss from operating activities increased by \$498,918 to \$557,842 compared to \$58,924 in loss from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in loss from operating activities is largely due to:

- An increase of \$181,150 in exploration expenditures. Exploration expenditures were \$191,624 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to \$10,474 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The Company undertook higher exploration work during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to less exploration work during the three months ended March 31, 2021.
- An increase of \$127,830 in consulting fees. Consulting fees were \$151,830 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$24,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase is primarily due to higher amount of consulting and professional services required during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to lesser amount of consulting and professional services required during the three months ended March 31, 2021.
- An increase of \$119,345 in corporate development and investor relations. Corporate development and investor relations were \$122,010 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to \$2,665 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase is due to greater activities related to promotion of the Company's projects during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to fewer activities related to promotion of the Company's projects during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Other Items

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, other income decreased by \$111,257 to other loss of \$107,853 compared to other income of \$3,404 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease in other items is largely due to:

A decrease of \$211,539 in foreign exchange gain. Foreign exchange loss was \$206,064 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to foreign exchange gain of \$5,475 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease is due to the fluctuation in foreign exchange rates and differing amounts of foreign currencies held during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2021.

The net loss and comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$665,695 or \$0.01 per basic and diluted share compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$55,520 or \$0.00 per basic and diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Cash Flow

Operating Activities

Cash outflow from operating activities was \$812,101 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$87,665 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in cash outflows is primarily due to higher corporate and administrative cash costs, as well as changes in non-cash working capital balances due to timing of receipt and payment of cash during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Investing Activities

Cash outflow from investing activities was \$215,682 for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to \$3,119 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Expenditures on mineral property interests were \$215,682 during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$3,119 during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Financing Activities

Cash inflow from financing activities was \$40,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$334,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Proceeds from stock options exercised were \$40,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$Nil for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Proceeds from warrants exercised were \$Nil for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$214,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Proceeds from loans payable were \$Nil for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$100,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. Share subscriptions received were \$Nil for the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to \$20,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Statement of Financial Position

At March 31, 2022, the Company had total assets of \$8,552,695, which is a decrease of \$8,988 from \$8,561,683 in total assets at December 31, 2021. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in cash of \$987,783, partially offset by increase in exploration and evaluation assets of \$913,276, and prepaid expenses of \$83,219 during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Selected Quarterly Financial Information

	2022	2021			2020			
	Mar. 31 \$	Dec. 31	Sep. 30 \$	Jun. 30 \$	Mar. 31 \$	Dec. 31	Sep. 30 \$	Jun. 30 \$
Revenues	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Loss	$(665,695)^{(1)}$	(855,867) ⁽²⁾	$(822,108)^{(3)}$	$(266,196)^{(4)}$	$(55,520)^{(5)}$	(24,247) (6)	$(57,496)^{(7)}$	$(51,663)^{(8)}$
Loss per Common Share Basic and Diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

- (1) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to decrease in corporate development and investor relations of \$565,279, partially offset by increase in exploration expenditures of \$253,076, foreign exchange loss of \$211,098, interest income of \$87,832, and consulting fees of \$77,991.
- (2) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to increase in corporate development and investor relations of \$545,357, partially offset by decrease in share-based compensation of \$470,995, and exploration expenditures of \$227,162.
- (3) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to increase in share-based compensation of \$449,066, and exploration expenditures of \$149,153, partially offset by decrease in corporate development and investor relations of \$27,708.
- (4) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to increase in corporate development and investor relations of \$166,975, share-based compensation of \$21,929, foreign exchange loss of \$12,945, and interest income of \$12,060.
- (5) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to decrease in gain on debt extinguishment of \$92,837, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets of \$39,411, accounting and audit fees of \$21,269, exploration expenditures of \$5,054, and corporate development and investor relations of \$4,754.
- (6) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to decrease in transfer agent and regulatory fees of \$5,120, professional fees of \$4,716, partially offset by increase in increase in gain on debt extinguishment of \$92,837, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets of \$39,411, accounting and audit fees of \$20,000, and exploration expenditures of \$4,094.
- (7) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to increase in legal and professional fees of \$7,887, transfer agent and regulatory fees of \$2,980, partially offset by increase in foreign exchange gain of \$6,480 and decrease in exploration expenses of \$2,037.
- (8) Variance from prior quarter primarily due to decrease in foreign exchange gain of \$10,407, office and sundry of \$9,922, exploration expenditures of \$9,695, legal and professional fees of \$6,190, partially offset by increase in accounting and audit fees of \$6,600.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has experienced recurring operating losses and has an accumulated operating deficit of \$31,161,566 and shareholders' deficiency of \$7,199,271 at March 31, 2022. In addition, the Company has working capital of \$4,224,173 at March 31, 2022 and negative cash flow from operating activities of \$812,101. Working capital is defined as current assets less current liabilities and provides a measure of the Company's ability to settle liabilities that are due within one year with assets that are also expected to be converted into cash within one year. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continued operations, as intended, are dependent upon its ability to raise additional funding to meet its obligations and to attain profitable operations. Management's plan in this regard is to raise equity financing as required. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in achieving these goals. The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to consolidated financial statements and to a going concern, which assume that the Company will realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company's cash position at March 31, 2022 was \$5,442,988, an increase of \$987,783 from the December 31, 2021 balance of \$6,430,771. The Company does not know of any trends, demand, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in, or that are reasonably likely to result in, its liquidity either materially increasing or decreasing at present or in the foreseeable future. Material increases or decreases in liquidity are substantially determined by the success or failure of the exploration programs. The Company does not have any restrictions on the use of its cash resources.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global outbreak of a novel coronavirus identified as "COVID-19" as a global pandemic. In order to combat the spread of COVID-19 governments worldwide have enacted emergency measures including travel bans, legally enforced or self-imposed quarantine periods, social distancing and business and organization closures. These measures have caused material disruptions to businesses, governments and other organizations resulting in an economic slowdown and increased volatility in national and global equity and commodity markets. Central banks and governments, including Canadian federal and provincial governments, have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of any interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operations in future periods.

The Company's business financial condition and results of operations may be further negatively affected by economic and other consequences from Russia's military action against Ukraine and the sanctions imposed in response to that action in late February 2022. While the Company expects any direct impacts, of the pandemic and the war in the Ukraine, to the business to be limited, the indirect impacts on the economy and on the mining industry and other industries in general could negatively affect the business and may make it more difficult for it to raise equity or debt financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will not be impacted by adverse consequences that may be brought about on its business, results of operations, financial position and cash flows in the future.

The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 do not include adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities and reported expenses that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, which could be material.

Contractual Commitments

Management Services Agreement

	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4-5 Years	More than 5 Years
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Management Services Agreement	88,200	-	-	-	-

Grosso Group provides its member companies with administrative and management services. The member companies pay monthly fees to Grosso Group on a cost recovery basis. The fee is based upon a pro-rating of Grosso Group's costs including its staff and overhead costs among the member companies. The current fee is \$9,800 per month. This fee is reviewed and adjusted quarterly based on the level of services required.

Capital Stock

The Company's authorized share capital comprised an unlimited number of common shares. The common shares do not have a par value. All issued shares are fully paid.

Details of Issues of Common Shares in 2022

There were no shares issued for private placement during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

On December 10, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 2,155,500 units at a price of \$0.45 per unit for gross proceeds of \$969,975. Each unit consists of one common share and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at \$0.70 per share for three years from the date of issue, expiring on December 10, 2024. Finder's fees were paid of \$67,898 cash and 282,135 non-transferable warrants exercisable into common shares at \$0.70 for three years from the date of issue with a fair value of \$62,005. Fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following variables: risk-free interest rate -0.93%; expected stock price volatility -136.60%; dividend yield -0%; and expected warrant life -1.564 years.

On November 30, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 4,996,333 units at a price of \$0.45 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2.248,350. Each unit consists of one common share and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at \$0.70 per share for three years from the date of issue, expiring on November 29, 2024. Finder's fees were paid of \$105,158 cash and 102,434 non-transferable warrants exercisable into common shares at \$0.70 for three years from the date of issue with a fair value of \$28,554. Fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following variables: risk-free interest rate -0.92%; expected stock price volatility -140.60%; dividend yield -0%; and expected warrant life -1.561 years.

On November 10, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 6,108,504 units at a price of \$0.45 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,748,827. Each unit consists of one common share and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at \$0.70 per share for three years from the date of issue, expiring on November 10, 2024. Finder's fees were paid of \$80,794 cash and 179,543 non-transferable warrants exercisable into common shares at \$0.70 for three years from the date of issue with a fair value of \$47,751. Fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following variables: risk-free interest rate -0.97%; expected stock price volatility -143.41%; dividend yield -0%; and expected warrant life -1.569 years.

On April 14, 2021, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 8,484,500 units at a price of 0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of 0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of 0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of 0.09 per unit consists of one common share and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at 0.15 per share for three years from the date of issue, expiring on April 14, 2024. Finder's fees were paid of 0.09, and expected warrant life 0.09, and 0.09, an

During the year ended December 31, 2021, 17,297,500 warrants were exercised for gross proceeds of \$1,867,625, and 525,000 stock options were exercised for gross proceeds of \$95,000.

Outstanding Share Data

As at March 31, 2022, an aggregate of 73,853,505 common shares were issued and outstanding. At the date of this report, 74,160,129 common shares were issued and outstanding. Refer to Events After the Reporting Period for further information.

The following summarizes information about the Company's share options outstanding and exercisable as at the date of this report:

Number of Stock Options			
Outstanding	Exercisable	Exercise Price (CAD\$)	Expiry Date
998,750	998,750	2.00	January 26, 2023
2,650,000	2,650,000	0.20	July 9, 2026
225,000	225,000	0.18	September 3, 2026
3,873,750	3,873,750		

The Company had the following warrants outstanding as at the date of this report:

Number of Warrants Outstanding	Exercise Price (CAD\$)	Expiry Date
5,770,330	0.15	April 14, 2024
6,288,047	0.70	November 10, 2024
5,098,767	0.70	November 29, 2024
2,437,635	0.70	December 10, 2024
19,594,779		

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not utilize off-balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Balances and Transactions

Grosso Group Management Ltd.

On October 1, 2016, the Company entered into a Management Services Agreement ("Agreement") with Grosso Group Management Ltd. (Grosso Group) to provide services and facilities to the Company. Grosso Group provides its member companies with administrative and management services. The member companies pay monthly fees to Grosso Group on a cost recovery basis. The fee is based upon a pro-rating of Grosso Group's costs including its staff and overhead costs among the member companies. The fee is reviewed and adjusted quarterly based on the level of services required.

The Agreement contains termination and early termination fees in the event the services are terminated by the Company. The termination fee includes six months of compensation and any contractual obligations that Grosso Group undertook for the Company, up to a maximum of \$750,000. The early termination fees are the aggregate of the termination fee in addition to the lesser of the monthly fees calculated to the end of the term and the monthly fees calculated for eighteen months, up to a maximum of \$1,000,000.

	,	Three months ended March 31,	
		2022	2021
Transactions		\$	\$
Services rendered:			
Grosso Group Management Ltd.			
Management fees		29,400	1,500
Office & sundry		6,000	1,230
Total for services rendered		35,400	2,730

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the company are members of the Board of Directors, as well as the Executive Chairman, President and CEO, CFO and Vice President of Corporate Development.

			Three months ende	d March 31,
Transactions			2022 \$	2021 \$
Salaries to key mana	agement or their consulting	ng corporations:		
Niko Cacos	President/CEO	Salaries and employee benefits	s 45,000	-
Darren Urquhart	CFO	Salaries and employee benefits	s 7,500	3,000
David Terry	Director/Consultant	Salaries and employee benefits	s 12,000	12,000
Joseph Grosso	Director	Salaries and employee benefits	45,000	_
John Gammon	Director	Salaries and employee benefits	s 4,000	_
Miles Rideout	VP Exploration	Salaries and employee benefits	s 30,330	-
Total for services reno	dered		143,830	15,000

	Three months en	ded March 31,
	2022	2021
Balances	\$	\$
Amounts owed to related parties		
Payable to Golden Arrow Resources Corp. (1)	4,310	67,795
Payable to Grosso Group Management Ltd. (2)	-	55,800
Payable to Oxbow International Marketing Ltd. (2)	1,197	1,197
Payable to Miles Rideout	9,997	-
Total for amounts payable to related parties	15,504	124,792

- (1) A company related through common directors that receives reimbursement for shared office costs and overhead.
- (2) A company owned by Joseph Grosso of Argentina Lithium & Energy Corporation.

Events After the Reporting Period

Antofalla Project

The Company entered into an option agreement with to acquire a 100% interest in three granted mine concession properties totalling 5,411 hectares in the Salar de Antofalla in Catamarca Province, Argentina. Terms of the option include cash payments totalling US\$2,800,000 over four years, including mandatory commitments totalling US\$180,000 in the first twelve months. The option also includes mandatory annual exploration expenditure commitments of US\$500,000 in year one, followed by US\$1,500,000 in year two, US\$2,000,000 in year three and US\$3,000,000 in year four. The vendor retains a 2% Net Smelter Royalty which can be repurchased for US\$3,000,000.

Rincon West and Pocitos Project

The Company issued 306,624 shares and paid US\$250,000 of the option payment for the Rincon West and Pocitos project.

<u>Critical Accounting Estimates and New Accounting Standards and Interpretations</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Reference should be made to the Company's significant accounting policies contained in Note 2 of the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022. These accounting policies can have a significant impact on the financial performance and financial position of the Company.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") has issued new standards, amendments and interpretations that are not effective for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and, accordingly, have not yet been adopted by the Company. The following is a brief summary of the new and amended standards and interpretations:

Amendments to IAS 37, Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets (effective January 1, 2022) specify which costs an entity includes in determining the cost of fulfilling a contract for the purpose of assessing whether the contract is onerous. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). This amendment is not expected to have any impact on the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Financial Risk Management

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, and interest rate risk. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. The Company has reduced its credit risk by depositing its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions that operate globally.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives. The Company has historically relied on issuance of shares and warrants to fund exploration programs and anticipates doing so again in the future.

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Financial instruments that impact the Company's net earnings due to currency fluctuations in cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and loans payable usually denominated in US Dollars and Argentinean pesos. A 10% change in US dollar and the Argentinean peso exchange rates relative to Canadian dollar would have insignificant impact on the Company's net loss:

- A 10% change in the US dollar exchange rate relative to the Canadian dollar would change the Company's net loss by approximately \$2,500.
- A 10% change in the Argentinean peso exchange rate relative to the Canadian dollar would change the Company's net loss by approximately \$50,000.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Cash bears no interest. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximates its carrying values due to the immediate or short-term maturity of this financial instrument. Other current financial assets and liabilities are not exposed to interest rate risk because they are non-interest bearing or have prescribed interest rates.

Risk Factors and Uncertainties

The Company's operations and results are subject to a number of different risks at any given time. These factors, include but are not limited to disclosure regarding exploration, additional financing, project delay, titles to properties, price fluctuations and share price volatility, operating hazards, insurable risks and limitations of insurance, management, foreign country and regulatory requirements, currency fluctuations and environmental regulations risks. Exploration for mineral resources involves a high degree of risk. The cost of conducting programs may be substantial and the likelihood of success is difficult to assess. A number of the risks and uncertainties are discussed below:

History of losses: The Company has historically incurred losses as evidenced by its condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. The Company has financed its operations principally through the sale of its equity securities. The Company does not anticipate that it will earn any revenue from its operations until its properties are placed into production, if ever. If the Company is unable to place its properties into production, the Company may never realize revenues from operations, will continue to incur losses and you may lose the value of your investment.

Joint ventures and other partnerships: The Company may seek joint venture partners to provide funding for further work on any or all of its other properties. Joint ventures may involve significant risks and the Company may lose any investment it makes in a joint venture. Any investments, strategic alliances or related efforts are accompanied by risks such as:

- 1. the difficulty of identifying appropriate joint venture partners or opportunities;
- 2. the time the Company's senior management must spend negotiating agreements, and monitoring joint venture activities;
- 3. the possibility that the Company may not be able to reach agreement on definitive agreements, with potential joint venture partners;
- 4. potential regulatory issues applicable to the mineral exploration business;
- 5. the investment of the Company's capital or properties and the loss of control over the return of the Company's capital or assets;
- 6. the inability of management to capitalize on the growth opportunities presented by joint ventures; and
- 7. the insolvency of any joint venture partner.

There are no assurances that the Company would be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered with joint ventures, strategic alliances or related efforts.

Unexpected delays: The Company's minerals business will be subject to the risk of unanticipated delays including permitting its contemplated projects. Such delays may be caused by fluctuations in commodity prices, mining risks, difficulty in arranging needed financing, unanticipated permitting requirements or legal obstruction in the permitting process by project opponents. In addition to adding to project capital costs (and possibly operating costs), such delays, if protracted, could result in a write-off of all or a portion of the carrying value of the delayed project.

Potential conflicts of interest: Several of the Company's directors are also directors, officers or shareholders of other companies. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. Such a conflict poses the risk that the Company may enter into a transaction on terms which could place the Company in a worse position than if no conflict existed. The directors of the Company are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interest of the Company and to disclose any interest which they many have in any project or opportunity of the Company. However, each director has a similar obligation to other companies for which such director serves as an officer or director. The Company has no specific internal policy governing conflicts of interest.

Competition with larger, better capitalized competitors: The mining industry is competitive in all of its phases. The Company faces strong competition from other mining companies in connection with the acquisition of properties producing, or capable of producing, base and precious metals. Many of these companies have greater financial resources, operational experience and technical capabilities than the Company. As a result of this competition, the Company may be unable to maintain or acquire attractive mining properties on terms it considers acceptable or at all. Consequently, the Company's revenues, operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

The Company does not intend to pay dividends: The Company has not paid out any cash dividends to date and has no plans to do so in the immediate future. As a result, an investor's return on investment will be solely determined by his or her ability to sell common shares in the secondary market.

Title Risk: Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Price Risk: The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company's property has exposure to predominantly iron. The prices of this metal greatly affect the value of the Company and the potential value of its property and investments.

Financial Markets: The Company is dependent on the equity markets as its sole source of operating working capital and the Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the junior resource markets and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for the investor support of its projects. The coronavirus outbreak has caused economic disruption worldwide and the resulting impact may affect the Company's ability to raise equity financing.

Political Risk: Exploration is presently carried out in Argentina and is currently being reviewed worldwide. This exposes the Company to risks that may not otherwise be experienced if all operations were domestic. Political risks may adversely affect the Company's potential projects and operations. Real and perceived political risk in some countries may also affect the Company's ability to finance exploration programs and attract joint venture partners, and future mine development opportunities.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss of a third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is subject to credit risk on cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash and cash equivalents with major financial institutions.

Liquidity Risk: Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they are due. The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash and cash equivalents. The Company raises capital through equity issues and its ability to do so is dependent on a number of factors including market acceptance, stock price and exploration results. The Company's cash is invested in bank accounts.

Interest Risk: The Company's bank accounts do not bear interest income. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximates its carrying value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of this financial instrument.

Currency Risk: Business is transacted by the Company in a number of currencies. Fluctuations in exchange rates may have a significant effect on the cash flows of the Company. Future changes in exchange rates could materially affect the Company's results in either a positive or negative direction.

Community Risk: The Company has negotiated with the local communities on its mineral property concessions for access to facilitate the completion of geological studies and exploration work programs. The Company's operations could be significantly disrupted or suspended by activities such as protests or blockades that may be undertaken by such certain groups or individuals within the community.

Environmental Risk: The Company seeks to operate within environmental protection standards that meet or exceed existing requirements in the countries in which the Company operates. Present or future laws and regulations, however, may affect the Company's operations. Future environmental costs may increase due to changing requirements or costs associated with exploration and the developing, operating and closing of mines. Programs may also be delayed or prohibited in some areas. Although minimal at this time, site restoration costs are a component of exploration expenses.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company, including news releases, financial statements and prior MD&A filings, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The Company maintains a website at www.argentinalithium.com, and has not entered into any agreements with any investor relations firms.